LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600 034



B.B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION – **BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION**

FIFTH SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2019

BU 5509 - FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Date: 29-10-2019 Dept. No. Max.: 100 Mar	Date: 29-10-2019	Dept. No.	Max. : 100 Mar
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Time: 09:00-12:00

SECTION - A

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

(10X2=20)

- 1. What are the components of finance function?
- 2. Mr.Raina deposits Rs 10000 for 3 years at 10%. What is the compound value of his deposit?
- 3. What is Profit maximization of the firm?
- 4. Write down the formula for calculating Indifference point?
- 5. What is Trading on Equity?
- 6. How is Composite Leverage is measured?
- 7. A company's Ke is 12%. The brokerage cost for purchase of securities is 2%. The personal tax rate of shareholders is 50%. Compute the Cost of retained earnings.
- 8. Calculate Ke using CAPM from the following information: Rf- 10%, Beta coefficient- 1.50, Rm 14%.
- 9. What is meant by 'Capital Rationing'?
- 10. Define the term 'Operating cycle'.

SECTION - B

ANSWER ANY FOUR QUESTIONS

(4X10=40)

- 11. Explain the relationship of fiancé functions with other corporate functions.
- 12. What is wealth maximization of the firm? Why is it considered superior to other objectives of financial management.
- 13. The current market price of the shares of a company is Rs 30 per share. The company pays dividend of Rs 5 every year. The profits of the company expected to grow at the rate of 12% p.a and the company maintains 100% pay-out ratio. Determine the cost of equity of the company. What should be the current price of the share if the growth rate of the company is 8% and 14%.
- 14. Discuss the factors affecting the Capital structure of a firm.
- 15. Explain the short term sources of working capital finance requirements for a small and medium sized organization
- 16. A company was recently formed to manufacture a new product. It has the following capital structure:

9% Debentures – Rs 1000000

7% Preference shares – Rs 400000

Equity Shares (48000 shares) – Rs 1600000

Retained earnings – Rs 1000000

The Market price of Equity share is Rs 80. A dividend of Rs 8 per share is proposed. The company has marginal tax rate of 50% and shareholders individual tax rate is 25%. Compute after tax WACC of the company.

17. From the following particulars compute: Net operating cycle period, Number of operating cycles in a year & Average working capital.

Period covered: 360 days, Avg period allowed to suppliers: 30 days, Avg period allowed to debtors: 45 days

Particulars	Rs
Raw materials consumed during the year	600000
Average stock of Raw materials	50000
Work-in progress inventory	500000
Average WIP inventory	30000
Finished goods inventory	800000
Average finished goods stock held	40000
Total cost of sales	840000

SECTION - C

ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS

(2X20=40)

- 18. The following details of ABC Ltd for the year ended 31/3/2013 are furnished: Operating leverage 3:1, Financial leverage 2:1, Interest charges per annum Rs 20 lakhs, Corporate tax rate 50%, Variable cost as % of sales 60%. Prepare the Income statement of the company.
- 19. A company has an investment opportunity costing Rs 40000 with the following expected net cash flow after taxes and before depreciation.

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Net cashflows Rs	7000	7000	7000	7000	7000	8000	10000	15000	10000	4000

Using 10% as the cost of capital (rate of discount), determine the following

- (i) Pay Back period
- (ii) NPV @10% discounting factor
- (iii) Profitability Index @ 10% discounting factor
- (iv) IRR with the help of 10% and 15% discounting factor.
 - 20. The Cost sheet of a company provides the following particulars:

Elements of cost: Raw materials: 40%, Labour: 10% & Overheads: 30%

Raw Materials remain in stock	6 weeks
Processing time	4 weeks
Finished goods are in stock	5 weeks
Period of credit allowed to debtors	10 weeks
Lag in payment of wages	2 weeks
Period of credit allowed by creditors	4 weeks
Selling price	Rs 50 per unit
Production in units	13000 p.a

Prepare an estimate of Working Capital.

21. Examine the various financial decisions of a large business organization.
