



M.Sc.DEGREE EXAMINATION - CHEMISTRY

FOURTHSEMESTER - APRIL 2018

CH 4809- APPLICATIONS OF SPECTROSCOPY

Date: 07-05-2018 Time: 09:00-12:00 Dept. No.

Max.: 100 Marks

Part-A

Answer ALL questions.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- 1. What is the base peak obtained for ethyl benzene in mass spectroscopy?
- 2. State the principle of FAB-mass spectrometry.
- 3. Why do amines absorb at higher wavelength than alcohols in UV-Visible spectroscopy?
- 4. Mention the significance of IR spectroscopy in distinguishing the linkage isomers? Give an example.
- 5. What is transannular conjugation? Give an example.
- 6. What are isochronous protons? Give an example.
- 7. Predict the number of lines in the ¹⁹F-NMR of the compound ClF₃.
- 8. Sketch the EPR spectrum of tertiary butyl radical.
- 9. Mention the significance of isomer shift.
- 10. Define quadrupole coupling constant.

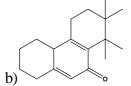
Part-B

Answer any EIGHT questions.

 $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 11. Discuss the mass spectral pattern of primary, secondary and tertiary alcohols using mass spectroscopy.
- 12. Explain the fragmentation pattern of pentanoic acid using mass spectroscopy.
- 13. What are charge transfer complexes? Explain their characteristics.
- 14. Calculate λ_{max} of the following compounds:

a)



- 15. Draw the Orgel energy level diagram of octahedral complexes of Co²⁺.
- 16. How can you distinguish the following using infrared spectroscopy
 - a) phenol and cyclohexanol, b) cis and trans-2-butene.
- 17. Explain the ¹H-NMR spectra of homotopic and enantiotopic protons with examples.
- 18. What is an AX spectrum? Explain with an example.
- 19. Explain nuclear hyperfine splitting with an example.
- 20. While $Fe(CO)_5$ shows quadrupole splitting, $K_4[Fe(CN)_6]$ does not. Justify.
- 21. Distinguish between prolate and oblate nuclei with relevant examples.

22. Describe the importance of electric field gradient and quadrupole moment.

Part-C

Answer any FOUR questions.

 $(4 \times 10 = 40)$

- 23. Explain the mass spectral pattern of benzaldehye and methyl butanoate.
- 24. Draw and explain the Orgel energy level diagram of octahedral Mn²⁺ complexes.
- 25. An organic compound (Mol.wt 72) exhibits the following spectral data.

IR: 1715 cm⁻¹ (s), 2940-2855 (m) and 1460 cm⁻¹ (m)

UV: λmax at 274 nm

¹HNMR: 7.52 τ quartet, 7.88 τ singlet and 8.93 τ triplet

Mass: 72, 43, 29

Deduce the structure of the compound.

- 26. Explain the importance of diagonal and off-diagonal spots in the interpretation of the COSY of isopentyl methyl ketone.
- 27a. Obtain the 'g' value for d⁴ configuration.
 - b. Two isomers of the radical C_3H_7 ° exhibit 36 and 14 lines in their EPR spectra. Predict the isomers.

(5+5)

- 28a. Explaine the transitions in the Mossbauer spectrum of a nucleus with ground state spin $\frac{1}{2}$ and excited state spin $\frac{3}{2}$ when $e^2Qq \neq 0$; B = 0.
 - b. What is zero field quadrupole resonance? Give an example. (5+5)
