# LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034



### M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - CHEMISTRY

### FIRST SEMESTER - APRIL 2022

# PCH 1503 - QUANTUM CHEMISTRY AND GROUP THEORY

Date: 18-06-2022	Dept. No.	Max. : 100 Marks
Time: 01:00 PM - 04:0	00 PM	1

#### PART - A

# **Answer ALL Questions:**

 $10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 1. Mention the limits and volume element for spherical polar coordinates.
- 2. Which of the following operators are linear? (i)  $\nabla^2$  and  $\sqrt{.}$
- 3. State Bohr's correspondence principle.
- 4. What is the degree of degeneracy for the particle in a cubic box with energy values of 17h<sup>2</sup>/8ma<sup>2</sup>?
- 5. State variation theorem.
- 6. Mention the significance of Born-Oppenheimer's approximation.
- 7. Obtain the ground state term symbol for a halogen atom.
- 8. State Pauli's exclusion principle as applicable to Fermions.
- 9. Obtain the multiplication table for  $C_{2v}$  point group.
- 10. Mention the possible C<sub>n</sub> symmetry operations in a trigonal planar molecule.

### PART - B

# **Answer Any EIGHT Questions:**

 $8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 11. (a) Which of the following are acceptable wave functions? Justify (i)  $x^2$  (ii)  $\cos\theta$ ?
  - (b) Normalize the following wave function:  $e^{in\theta}$  in the interval of  $[0,2\pi]$ .
- 12. Deduce the expression for Rayleigh-Jeans and Stefan's law from Planck's radiation law.
- 13. Arrive at the Hamiltonian for simple harmonic oscillator.
- 14. Calculate the length of the γ-carotene molecule containing 11 conjugated double bonds and 10 single bonds and a transition wave length of 4600 Å.
- 15. Apply variation theorem to predict the ground state energy of hydrogen atom using the trial wave function,  $\psi = e^{-\alpha r}$ .
- 16. Obtain the value of  $[L_x^2, L_x]$  and  $[x, p_x]$ . Mention their significance.
- 17. Apply Huckel's method to calculate the total energy in ethylene molecule.
- 18. Show that the Slater determinant for the ground state of Helium atom is antisymmetric with respect to the exchange of two electrons.

- 19. Obtain expressions for the energy levels of 1,3-butadiene using Secular determinant.
- 20. Predict the point group of eclipsed ethane. Mention its symmetry elements and operations.
- 21. Obtain the matrix representation for the reflection operation performed in YZ plane.
- 22. Illustrate similarity transformation with two examples.

# PART - C

### **Answer Any FOUR Questions:**

 $4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 23. (a) State and explain the postulates of quantum mechanics.
  - (b) Derive time-independent Schrödinger wave equation.

(4+6)

- 24. (a) Write the Schrodinger wave equation for a rigid rotor. Using the method of separation, separate the equation into two independent equations with only one variable each.
  - (b) The wavenumber of the fundamental vibrational transition of  $^{35}\text{Cl}_2$  is 564.9 cm<sup>-1</sup>. Calculate the force constant of the bond (atomic mass of  $^{35}\text{Cl} = 34.9688 \text{ u}$ ). (7+3)
- 25. (a) Write the Schrodinger wave equation for hydrogen atom in spherical polar coordinates. Obtain the solution for radial equation.
  - (b) Draw radial plot for 1s and 2p orbitals.

(6+4)

- 26. (a) Mention the significance of Slater and secular determinant.
  - (b) State variation theorem and determine the energies of the bonding and anti-bonding orbitals of hydrogen molecular ion using variation principle. (5+5)
- 27. (a) Highlight the salient features of Huckel's approximations in Molecular orbital theory.
  - (b) Obtain the reducible representation for the hybridization scheme of ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>) molecule.

(5+5)

28. Find the symmetries of the IR and Raman active vibrational modes of trans-N<sub>2</sub>F<sub>2</sub> molecule. Its character table is provided here.

C <sub>2</sub> h	Е	C2	İ	σh		
Ag	1	1	1	1	Rz	x2, y2, z2, xy
Bg	1	-1	1	-1	Rx, Ry Z	xz, yz
Au	1	1	-1	-1	Z	100 40 COV-04-100
Bu	1	-1	-1	1	<i>x</i> , <i>y</i>	