# LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600 034

#### M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - CHEMISTRY

#### THIRD SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2019

### 17/18PCH3MC01 - MAIN GROUP ELEMENTS AND NUCLEAR CHEMISTRY

Date: 29-10-2019	Dept. No.	Max. : 100 Marks
Time: 00:00 12:00		

Time: 09:00-12:00

#### Part-A

## Answer ALL questions.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ 

- 1. What are cryptands? Give an example.
- 2. Differentiate the conducting behaviour of graphite from diamond based on their structures.
- 3. Calculate the number of 3c-2e<sup>-</sup> bonds present in B<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>.
- 4. Give the mechanism of hydroboration reaction.
- 5. Complete the following reactions:

$$SiCl_4 + LiR$$
 ?

$$[Be(CH_3)_2]_n + 2nPH_3$$

- 6. How does transmetallation reaction influence the preparation of organometallic reagents?
- 7. Write the uses of chloramines.
- 8. Comment on the superstructures of LaOF.
- 9. What are fissile and fertile nuclei? Give an example for each.
- 10. What are radiopharmaceuticals? Mention any two applications of them.

#### Part-B

### Answer any EIGHT questions.

 $(8 \times 5 = 40)$ 

- 11. Derive the possible styx number and predict the most stable structure of  $B_5H_9$ .
- 12. Discuss the structure of  $C_{60}$  fullerenes.
- 13. What are Ionophores? Discuss the structure and biological role of valinomycin.
- 14. Write a brief note on BN polymer.
- 15. Describe Alfol process and write its industrial use.

16.	How are Grignard reagents prepared? Give any two applications of this reagent.				
17.	Comment on the chemistry and stru	ctures of sulfur fluorides.			
18.	Explain the structures of XeO <sub>3</sub> and	XeOF <sub>4</sub> based on VB theory.			
19.	Write the preparation, properties and structure of a beryllium alkyl compound.				
20.	How many $\alpha$ and $\beta$ particles are em	nitted in the following conversions?			
	(i) $_{90}\text{Th}^{234} \rightarrow _{82}\text{Pb}^{206}$ (ii) $_{92}\text{U}^{234}$	$\rightarrow$ 82Pb <sup>207</sup>			
21.	How is radioactivity measured by scintillation counter?				
22.	How is energy generated in a nuclear reactor?				
		Part-C			
Answer any FOUR questions.			$(4\times10=40)$		
23 a.	Write a brief note on PSEPT theory.		(5)		
b.	Predict the structure of Cp <sub>2</sub> Fe <sub>2</sub> (Me <sub>4</sub> C	$C_4B_8H_8$ ).	(5)		
24 a.	How are silicates classified?	(5)			
b.	Why is zeolite considered as molecul	ar sieve? Explain.	(5)		
25a.	Discuss the synthesis of water-solub	ble silsesquioxane based nanoparticles l	by hydrolytic condensation of		
	hydroxyl functionalized triethoxysi	lanes.	(6)		
b.	Write an example for the fluorinating	(4)			
26 a.	Describe the preparation and reaction	(5)			
b.	Write the preparation and chemical p	(5)			
27.	Explain the structural features of the following compounds.				
	(i) Borazine (ii) Diborane	(5+5)			
28.	Discuss the following factors in deter	rmining the stability of nuclei.	$(4 \times 2.5)$		
	(i) n/p ratio	(ii) packing fraction			
	(iii) binding energy	(iv) magic number of nucleons			
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