



B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - **PHYSICS**

SECONDSEMESTER - APRIL 2018

17/16UMT2AL01- MATHEMATICS FOR PHYSICS - II

Date: 28-04-2018 Time: 01:00-04:00 Dept. No.

Max.: 100 Marks

Part A (Answer ALL questions)

(2 X 10 = 20)

1. Evaluate
$$\int \frac{\sin \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$
.

- 2. Find the value of $\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \cos^{6} x \, dx$
- 3. Prove that $\int_{0}^{a} f(x)dx = \int_{0}^{a} f(a-x)dx$
- 4. Write any two properties of beta function.
- 5. Solve $x\sqrt{1+y^2} + y\sqrt{1+x^2} \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$.
- 6. Show that the following differential equation is exact.

$$(x^2 - x + y^2)dx - (ye^y - 2xy)dy = 0$$

- 7. Find $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)}$ when u=x+y and v=x-y.
- 8. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^2 \int_0^3 xyz \, dx \, dy \, dz$.
- 9. Prove that $\nabla \Box r = 3$ and $\nabla \times r = 0$ where r is the position vector of the point P(x,y,z).
- 10. State Stoke's theorem.

Part B (Answer any FIVE questions)

 $(5 \times 8 = 40)$

11. Evaluate
$$\int \frac{(3x+1)dx}{(x-1)^2(x+3)}$$
.

- 12. Establish the reduction formula for $I_n = \int \sin^n x dx$ (n being a positive integer) and hence find the value of $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^5 x \, dx$.
- 13. Evaluate $I = \int_{0}^{\pi/2} \log \sin x \, dx$
- 14. Prove the following.
 - i. $\Gamma(n+1) = n!$, where n is a positive integer.

ii.
$$\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$$
.

15. Solve
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = e^{-x}\cos 2x$$

16. Solve
$$(1-x^2)\frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy = x\sqrt{1-x^2}$$

- 17. By transforming into polar co-ordinates evaluate $\iint \frac{x^2 y^2}{x^2 + y^2} dx dy$ over the annular region between the circles $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ and $x^2 + y^2 = b^2$ (b > a)
- 18. Evaluate $\iint_S F \Box \hat{n} dS$, where $F = zi + xj y^2 z k$, and S is the surface of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ included in the first octant between the planes z=0 and z=2.

Part C (Answer any TWO questions)

$$(2 \times 20 = 40)$$

19. a) Prove that
$$\int_{0}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \log(1 + \tan \theta) d\theta = \frac{\pi}{8} \log 2$$

b) Solve
$$(D^2 + 16)y = 2e^{-3x} + \cos 4x$$

(10 + 10)

20. a) Express $I = \int_{0}^{1} x^{m} (1 - x^{n})^{p} dx$ in terms of Gamma function and evaluate the integral

$$I = \int_{0}^{1} x^{5} (1 - x^{3})^{10} dx$$

b). Evaluate
$$\int_{0}^{1} x^{m} (\log \frac{1}{x})^{n} dx (10 + 10)$$

- 21.a) By changing the order of integration, evaluate $\int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{x}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-y}}{y} dx dy$
 - b) By changing into polar co-ordinates evaluate the integral $\int_{0}^{2a} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{2ax-x^2}} (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$ (8 +12)

22. a) Evaluate
$$\int \frac{6x+5}{\sqrt{6+x-2x^2}} dx$$

b) Find by Green's theorem the value of $\int_C (x^2ydx + ydy)$ along the closed curve C formed by the curves $y^2 = x$ and y = x between (0, 0) and (1, 1).

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