



LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – PHYSICS

FOURTH SEMESTER – APRIL 2018

MT 4203- ADVANCED MATHEMATICS FOR PHYSICS

Date: 02-05-2018
Time: 09:00-12:00

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

SECTION A

Answer **ALL** the questions:

(10x2 = 20)

1. Evaluate $\int \left(ax + \frac{b}{x^2} \right) dx$.
2. State Bernoulli's formula.
3. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + \left(\frac{1-y^2}{1-x^2} \right)^{1/2} = 0$.
4. Write the criterion for $Mdx + Ndy = 0$ to be exact.
5. Evaluate $\int_0^3 \int_1^2 xy(x+y) dy dx$.
6. Prove that $\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \sqrt{\pi}$.
7. Prove that $\nabla^2\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = 0$, where r is the position vector.
8. State Stokes theorem.
9. Find the Cayley's table for $G = \{1, -1, i, -i\}$ under usual multiplication.
10. Define Contravariant and Covariant tensors.

SECTION B

Answer any **FIVE** questions:

(5x8 = 40)

11. Evaluate $\int x \sin 2x dx$ using integration by parts method.
12. Show that $\int_0^{\pi/2} \log(\sin x) dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$.
13. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \cos x = \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x$.
14. Solve $(D^2 - 3D + 2)y = \sin 3x$.
15. Evaluate $\iint xy dx dy$ taken over the positive quadrant of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$.
16. If A_r^p and B_t^s are tensors, prove that $C_{rt}^{ps} = A_r^p B_t^s$ is also a tensor.
17. If $F = xy^2i + 2x^2yzj - 3yzk$, find $div F$ and $curl F$ at $(1, -1, 1)$.
18. Prove that the set $\{1, \omega, \omega^2\}$ is an abelian multiplicative finite group of order 3.

SECTION CAnswer any **TWO** questions:**(2x20 = 40)**

19. (a) Evaluate $\int \frac{6x+5}{\sqrt{6+x-2x^2}} dx$.

(b) Show that $x^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{3} + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{\cos nx}{n^2}$ in the interval $(-\pi \leq x \leq \pi)$.

Deduce that $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$.

(8+12)

20. (a) Solve $(D^2 + 4D + 6)y = 5e^{-2x}$.

(b) Solve $(D^2 - 3D + 2)y = \sin 3x$.

(10+10)

21. (a) Prove that $\beta(m, n) = \frac{\Gamma(m)\Gamma(n)}{\Gamma(m+n)}$.

(b) Change the order of integration in the integral $\int_0^{\infty} \int_x^{\infty} \frac{e^{-y}}{y} dx dy$ and evaluate it.

(14 +6)

22. (a) Find by Green's Theorem the value of $\int_C (x^2 y dx + y dy)$ along the closed curve C formed by $y^2 = x$ and $y = x$ between $(0,0)$ and $(1,1)$.

(b) Show that the union of two subgroups of G is a subgroup if and only if one is contained in the other.

(12 +8)
