LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600 034



B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - **MATHEMATICS**

FIFTH SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2016

MT 5505 - REAL ANALYSIS

Date: 01-11-2016	Dept. No.		Max. : 100 Marks
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Time: 09:00-12:00

PART-A

ANSWER ALL THE OUESTIONS:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

- 1. State Principle of mathematical induction.
- 2. State the triangle inequality.
- 3. Define (a) Open ball and (b) Closed ball.
- 4. Define (a) Cauchy sequence and (b) Complete metric space.
- 5. Define Homeomorphism.
- 6. Give an example of a continuous function which is not uniformly continuous.
- 7. Define local minimum and local maximum of a function at a point.
- 8. Give an example of a continuous function which is not differentiable.
- 9. Define monotonic functions.
- 10. State the linear property of Riemann-Stieltjes Integral.

PART - B

ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS:

 $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$

- 11. Write the field axioms of the set of all real numbers.
- 12. State and prove Minkowski's inequality.
- 13. Define convergent sequence and prove that a sequence cannot converge to two distinct limits.
- 14. Define continuous function and prove that composition of two continuous functions is a continuous function.
- 15. State and prove Bolzano's theorem.
- 16. State and prove intermediate value theorem for derivatives.
- 17. If f is monotonic on [a, b], then prove that the set of discontinuities of f is countable.
- 18. Give an example of a function which is neither continuous nor of bounded variation.

PART - C

ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS:

 $(2 \times 20 = 40 \text{ marks})$

- 19. (a) State and prove unique factorization theorem. (10)
- (b) State and prove Cauchy Schwarz inequality. (10)
- 20. (a) Prove that a subset E of a metric space (X, d) is closed in X if, and only if, it contains all its adherent points. (10)
 - (b) Prove that the Euclidean space \mathbb{R}^k is complete. (10)
- 21. (a) If (X, d) and (Y, d) are metric spaces, X is compact and $f: X \to Y$ is continuous on X, then prove that f is uniformly continuous on X. (11)
 - (b) Define uniformly continuous and give an example. (04)
 - (c) Discuss the discontinuity of the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin x}{x} & \text{when } x \neq 0 \\ 2 & \text{when } x = 0 \end{cases}$ (05)
- 22. (a) State and prove Rolle 's Theorem. (10)
 - (b) State and prove integration by parts rule. (10)

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