

LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034**M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – MATHEMATICS****THIRD SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2023****PMT3MC02 – NUMBER THEORY**

Date: 01-11-2023

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

Time: 01:00 PM - 04:00 PM

SECTION A – K1 (CO1)**Answer ALL the questions****(5 x 1 = 5)****1. Answer the following**

a) Does the following statement:

“For all integers a and b , if $a \mid b$ and $b \mid a$ then $a = b$ ” holds? Justify.

b) Define reduced residue system.

c) State the reciprocity law for Jacobi symbol.

d) Let g be a primitive root mod p , where p is an odd prime. Then what are the quadratic residues and non-residues mod p ?

e) Write any two applications for public key cryptography?

SECTION A – K2 (CO1)**Answer ALL the questions****(5 x 1 = 5)****2. Choose the correct answer**

The greatest common divisor of 4598 and 3211 is

- a) (i) 21
 (ii) 19
 (iii) 23
 (iv) 17

Let k be the order of $a \pmod n$ then $a^b \equiv 1 \pmod n$ if and only if

- b) (i) k divides a
 (ii) k divides b
 (iii) k divides n
 (iv) k divides 1

If P is an odd positive integer then $(2 \mid P)$ is

- c) (i) $(-1)^{\frac{P-1}{2}}$
 (ii) $(-1)^{\frac{P^2-1}{2}}$
 (iii) $(-1)^{\frac{P^2-1}{8}}$
 (iv) $(-1)^{\frac{P-1}{8}}$

If a is a primitive root of modulo m , then

- d) (i) $\exp_m(a) \leq \varphi(m)$
 (ii) $\exp_m(a) = \varphi(m)$
 (iii) $\exp_m(a) \geq \varphi(m)$
 (iv) $\exp_m(a) < \varphi(m)$

Suppose in the 26-letter alphabet, the transformation $f(P) \equiv P + 3 \pmod{26}$. The word “YES” is encrypted as

- e) (i) BHV

	(ii) ZKB (iii) FQO (iv) DEM
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SECTION B – K3 (CO2)

	Answer any THREE of the following	(3 x 10 = 30)
3.	State and prove Fundamental theorem of arithmetic.	
4.	Solve $9x \equiv 21 \pmod{30}$.	
5.	Examine that the Diophantine equation $y^2 = x^3 + k$ has no solution if k has the form $k = (4n - 1)^3 - 4m^2$, where m and n are integers such that no prime $p \equiv -1 \pmod{4}$ divides m .	
6.	Given $m \geq 1$, $(a, m) = 1$ and let $f = \exp_m(a)$. Then show that (i) $a^k \equiv a^h \pmod{m}$ if and only if $k \equiv h \pmod{m}$ (ii) $a^k \equiv 1 \pmod{m}$ if and only if $k \equiv 0 \pmod{m}$. In particular, $f \mid \varphi(m)$ (iii) The numbers $1, a, a^2, \dots, a^{f-1}$ are incongruent modulo m .	
7.	Working in the 26-letter alphabet, use the matrix $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 7 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$, to encipher the message unit “NO” and decipher the ciphertext “FWMDIQ”.	

SECTION C – K4 (CO3)

	Answer any TWO of the following	(2 x 12.5 = 25)
8.	State and prove Euler’s summation formula.	
9.	Assume $(a, m) = d$ and suppose that $d \mid b$. Then show that the linear congruence $ax \equiv b \pmod{m}$ has exactly d solutions modulo m . These are given by $t, t + \frac{m}{d}, \dots, t + (d - 1)\frac{m}{d}$, where t is the solution modulo $\frac{m}{d}$, of the linear congruence $\frac{a}{d}x \equiv \frac{b}{d} \pmod{\frac{m}{d}}$.	
10.	Explain Legendre’s symbol $(n \mid p)$ and show that it is completely multiplicative function of n .	
11.	Examine that in every reduced residue system mod p there are exactly $\varphi(d)$ numbers ‘ a ’ such that $\exp_p(a) = d$ for an odd prime p and d , any positive divisor of $p - 1$.	

SECTION D – K5 (CO4)

	Answer any ONE of the following	(1 x 15 = 15)
12.	(a) Determine the exponent of (i) 3 modulo 7 and (ii) 2 modulo 11. (8 marks) (b) State and prove Euclid’s theorem. (7 marks)	
13.	Justify the Chinese remainder theorem with a suitable proof and hence evaluate $x \equiv 2 \pmod{3}; x \equiv 3 \pmod{5}$ and $x \equiv 2 \pmod{7}$.	

SECTION E – K6 (CO5)

	Answer any ONE of the following	(1 x 20 = 20)
14.	(a) Explain Jacobi symbol and prove all its properties. (15 marks) (b) If the exponent of a and b modulo m are f and g respectively and $(f, g) = 1$ then prove that the exponent of ab modulo m is fg . (5 marks)	
15.	Suppose that we know that our adversary is using a 2×2 enciphering matrix with a 29-letter alphabet, where A – Z have the numerical equivalents 0 – 25, blank = 26, ? = 27, ! = 28. We receive the message “GFPYJP X?UYXSTLADPLW” and suppose that we know that the last five letters of plaintext are our adversary signature “KARLA”. Decipher the above message.	

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