LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034



M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - BIOTECHNOLOGY

FIRST SEMESTER - APRIL 2023

PBT1MC02 - BIOMOLECULES AND METABOLISM

Max.: 100 Marks

| | Date: 02-05-2023 Dept. No. Max. : Fime: 09:00 AM - 12:00 NOON | 100 | Mark | | |
|--|---|--------|--------|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| | SECTION A | | | | |
| SECTION A | | | | | |
| Answer ALL the questions 1 Choose the best option (5 x 1 = 5) | | | | | |
| 1 | Choose the best option The first step of β-oxidation involves the activation of fatty acid in the presence of | (3 X) | 1 – 3) | | |
| a) | Ca ⁺⁺ and thiokinase b) ATP and thiokinase c) ATP and β-ketoacyl thiolase d) ATP and Aldehyde dehydrogenase | K1 | CO1 | | |
| b) | High energy compounds are those that yields Free energy equal to that of ATP ($\Delta G = -7.3 \text{ Kcal}$) Free energy equal to or greater than that of ATP ($\Delta G = -7.3 \text{ Kcal}$) Free energy equal to that of ATP ($\Delta G = +7.3 \text{ Kcal}$) Free energy equal to or greater than that of ATP ($\Delta G = +7.3 \text{ Kcal}$) | K1 | CO1 | | |
| c) | The product obtained when a molecule of carbon dioxide is removed from an amino acid a) Ketone b) Aldehyde c) Amine d) Ester | K1 | CO1 | | |
| d) | Heme disorder is referred as Anemia b) Porphyria c) Thrombocytopenia d) Leukemia | K1 | CO1 | | |
| e) | Vitamin 'H' is also known as Tocopherol b) Phylloquinone c) Biotin d) Nicotinic acid | K1 | CO1 | | |
| 2 | Answer in one or two sentences $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ | | | | |
| a) | Name the cell structure associated with gangliosides and write its's role. | K2 | CO1 | | |
| b) | State the function of NADH dehydrogenase. | K2 | CO1 | | |
| c) | Differentiate: amino acid and amine. | K2 | CO1 | | |
| d) | What is thrombocytopenia? | K2 | CO1 | | |
| e) | Indicate the importance of vitamin B6. | K2 | CO1 | | |
| SECTION B | | | | | |
| | Answer any THREE of the following in 500 words (3 | x 10 = | = 30) | | |
| 3 | Illustrate about Cholesterol and their significance. | K3 | CO2 | | |
| 4 | Compare and contrast: ETC in mitochondria and chloroplast. | K3 | CO2 | | |
| 5 | Explain urea cycle and its importance. | K3 | CO2 | | |
| 6 | Mention inborn errors of metabolism and discuss in detail on any two of them. | K3 | CO2 | | |
| 7 | Compile an essay on micronutrients of vitamins and minerals. | K3 | CO2 | | |

| | SECTION C | | | | | |
|--|--|----|-----|--|--|--|
| | Answer any TWO of the following in 500 words $(2 \times 12.5 = 25)$ | | | | | |
| 8 | Classify compound lipids and state their functions. | K4 | CO3 | | | |
| 9 | Infer the similarities and differences between cyclic and non cyclic photo phosphorylation. Describe pyruvate metabolism and its enzyme activities. | K4 | СОЗ | | | |
| 10 | Illustrate the role of insulin in glucose metabolism and infer their dependence in causing high blood sugar levels. Demonstrate an assay to diagnose blood sugar levels in human body and its interpretation. | K4 | СОЗ | | | |
| 11 | Compile an essay on vitamins and its disorders. | K4 | CO3 | | | |
| SECTION D | | | | | | |
| Answer any ONE of the following in 1000 words $(1 \times 15 = 15)$ | | | | | | |
| 12 | Describe the functions and applications of proteins | K5 | CO4 | | | |
| 13 | Demonstrate an assay to calculate the rate of respiration <i>in vitro</i> using isolated mitochondria with the help of DCPIP as electron acceptor. | K5 | CO4 | | | |
| SECTION E | | | | | | |
| Answer any ONE of the following in 1000 words $(1 \times 20 = 20)$ | | | | | | |
| 14 | Reframe an essay on the role of pyruvate enzyme and citrate metabolism in control of gluconeogenesis | K6 | CO5 | | | |
| 15 | Compile an essay on different types of disorder on lipid metabolism in detail. | K6 | CO5 | | | |

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