LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034



M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - BIOTECHNOLOGY

THIRD SEMESTER - **NOVEMBER 2023**

PBT3MC03 - BIOPROCESS AND ENZYME TECHNOLOGY

	Date: 04-11-2023 Dept. No. Max. : 100 Marks Fime: 01:00 PM - 04:00 PM		
SECTION A – K1 (CO1)			
	Answer ALL the questions $(5 \times 1 = 5)$		
1	Choose the best option		
a)	Silica gel for preservation of industrially important isolates follows the principle of		
	i) desiccation		
	ii) gelation		
	iii) hydration		
	iv) oxidation		
b)	Batch fermentation is system.		
	i) an open		
	ii) a semi-open		
	iii) a closed		
	iv) continuous		
c)	aims to ensure product activity and stability.		
	i) Upstream processing		
	ii) Clarification		
	iii) Harvesting		
4)	iv) Formulation Supplied dehydrogeness has an EC number of		
d)	Succinate dehydrogenase has an EC number of i) EC 7.1.1.2		
	ii) EC 7.1.1.9		
	iii) EC 7.1.1.12		
	iv) None of the above		
e)	Microbial is used to obtain PUFAs from animal and plant lipids such as tuna oil.		
<i>C)</i>	i) protease		
	ii) amylases		
	iii) lipase		
	iv) cellulase		
	SECTION A – K2 (CO1)		
	Answer ALL the questions $(5 \times 1 = 5)$		
2	Answer in one or two sentences		
a)	Define vitrification.		
<u>b)</u>	Mention one advantage and one disadvantage of solid substrate fermentation.		
c)	What is the function of the impeller in a bioreactor?		
<u>d)</u>	Compare the fastest and slowest enzymes based on the turnover number.		
e)	Define co-enzyme.		

SECTION B – K3 (CO2)			
	Answer any THREE of the following	$(3 \times 10 = 30)$	
3	Summarize the desirable characteristics of an industrially significant isolate.		
4	Outline the key features of a photobioreactor and add a note on its applications.		
5	Explain product purification using gel filtration chromatography technique.		
6	Illustrate the classification of enzymes based on their activity with examples.		
7	Summarize the application of enzymes in cancer diagnosis.		
SECTION C – K4 (CO3)			
	Answer any TWO of the following	$(2 \times 12.5 = 25)$	
8	Present an overview of product recovery of an intracellular enzyme.		
9	Differentiate between batch and fed-batch fermentation.		
10	Compare physical and chemical methods of cell disruption.		
11	Illustrate with examples the properties of enzymes.		
	SECTION D – K5 (CO4)		
	Answer any ONE of the following	$(1 \times 15 = 15)$	
12	Discuss media formulation for industrial fermentation.		
13	Prioritize the enzymes used in the diagnosis of liver and renal disorders.		
	SECTION E – K6 (CO5)		
	Answer any ONE of the following	$(1 \times 20 = 20)$	
14	Derive the Michalis Menten equation.		
15	Design a method for the production and purification of amylase. Add a note on its a	applications.	
