# LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034



#### **U.G.** DEGREE EXAMINATION – **ALLIED**

#### THIRD SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2022

#### 18UCH3AL03 - GENERAL CHEMISTRY FOR BIOLOGY-I

Date: 01-12-2022	Dept. No.	Max. : 100 Marks
Time: 09:00 AM - 12:00 NOON		

## PART - A

## Answer ALL questions.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ 

- 1. What are antidotes? Give an example.
- 2. What are carcinogens? Give two examples.
- 3. Why is the boiling point of acetic acid higher than propan-1-ol?
- 4. What is meant by dipole-dipole interaction? Give an example.
- 5. Distinguish between the terms, end point and equivalence point.
- 6. State the principle of volumetric analysis.
- 7. Give an example for homogenous and heterogeneous catalytic reactions.
- 8. Distinguish between order and molecularity of a chemical reaction.
- 9. Draw the structure of adrenaline.
- 10. Differentiate between molarity and normality.

### PART - B

### Answer any EIGHT questions.

 $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ Marks})$ 

- 11. What are the precautions required in handling hazardous chemicals?
- 12. Explain the column chromatography technique.
- 13. How is paper chromatographic separation carried out?
- 14. Explain the factors influencing the formation of ionic bonds.
- 15. What are the postulates of Werner's theory? Explain.
- 16. Discuss the optical isomerism present in octahedral complexes.
- 17. How is concentration of solution expressed in terms of i) molality and ii) ppm?
- 18. Enumerate the criteria required for a primary standard.
- 19. Explai the factors affecting the rate of a reaction.
- 20. Derive the expression for first order rate constant.
- 21. What are the importance of vitamin D and K?
- 22. Discuss the structure and functions of estrogen.

### **PART C**

# Answer any FOUR questions.

 $(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ Marks})$ 

- 23. Explain the following terms: (a) stationary phase, (b) mobile phase, and (c) development of chromatogram.
- 24. Explain in detail the crystal structure i) CsCl ii) NaCl.
- 25. a) Describe the hydrogen bonding involved in (i) acetic acid (ii) nucleic acids.
  - b) Discuss the geometrical isomerism of octahedral complex with examples.
- 26. a) Derive Henderson equation for an acidic buffer. Mention its applications
  - b) What is molarity? Calculate the molarity of 4 g of sodium hydroxide in 1000 mL of water.
- 27. Derive an expression for the rate constant of a second order reaction of the type  $2A \rightarrow$  product.
- 28. a) What are vitamins? How are they classified?
  - b) Define saponification. Explain it with an example.

\$\$\$\$\$\$\$