LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

WCENT LIN VESTIGA

B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION - CORPORATE SECRETARYSHIP

FIFTH SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2022

16/17/18UBC5MC01 - COST ACCOUNTING

| Date: 21-11-2022 | Dept. No. | Max.: 100 Marks |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| Time: 09:00 AM - 12:00 | O NOON L | |

PART - A (10x 2 = 20 Marks)

O. No

Answer ALL questions

- 1 Define the term 'cost'.
- 2 What are the elements of cost?
- 3 State any two difference between Bin card and store ledger.
- 4 What is EOO?
- 5 What is quotation?
- 6 What is contract costing?
- What is machine hour rate method?
- 8 Define batch costing.
- 9 What is overtime?
- What is labour turnover?

 $PART - B (4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ Marks})$

Answer any FOUR questions

11 a Two components X and Y are used as follows

Minimum usages: 50 units per week each Maximum usages: 150 units per week each Normal usages: 100 units per week each

Ordering quantities: X-600 units

Y-1.000 units

Delivery period: X-4 to 6 weeks

: Y-2 to 4 weeks

Maximum reorder period for emergency purchases

X - 2 weeks; y-2 weeks

Calculate for each component:

- (a) Reordering level
- (b) Maximum level
- (c) Minimum level
- (d) Danger level

11 b Calculate the wage payment from the following data.

| Particulars | Amount in Rs. | |
|--|---------------|--|
| a. Wages for hours worked (normal) | 2,05,000 | |
| b. Wages for overheads | 22,000 | |
| c. Leave wages | 17,000 | |
| d. Deduction of (ESI) of employee share | 5,000 | |
| e. Employee Contribution to PF | 16,000 | |
| f House rent to be recovered from 30 employees at the rate of Ps | | |

f. House rent to be recovered from 30 employees at the rate of Rs. 100 per month

1

12 a Calculate the economic batch quantity for a product using batch costing from the following details:

Annual demand for the product = 2000 units

Set up cost per batch = Rs. 10

Cost of Carrying inventory per unit = Rs.1

Tony Co. undertook a contract for construction of a private house. Contract price was Rs. 40,00,000 following were the details of contract.

| Particulars | (Rs.) |
|--|-----------|
| Materials sent to contract site | 16,00,000 |
| Labour: Skilled 6,00,000; Unskilled 4,00,000 | 10,00,000 |
| Sub contracts for plumbing and electricity | 4,00,000 |
| Sundry expenses | 2,00,000 |
| Closing stock of materials at site | 1,00,000 |

Prepare contract account and determine the profit or loss.

During the Year 1998, X Ltd, produced 50,000 units of a product.

The following were the expenses:

| Particulars | RS. |
|------------------------------------|----------|
| Stock of Raw Materials on 1/1/98 | 10,000 |
| Stock of Raw Materials on 31/12/98 | 20,000 |
| Direct Wages | 75,000 |
| Purchases | 1,60,000 |
| Direct Expenses | 25,000 |
| Factory Expenses | 37,500 |
| Office Expenses | 62,500 |
| Selling Expenses | 25,000 |

You are required to prepare a cost sheet showing cost per unit & total cost.

14 a R. Ltd took up two jobs during the 1st week of April 2010. The following details are available

| | Job 108 | Job 109 |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Materials Supplied | 21.000 | 14.000 |
| Wages Paid | 9,000 | 6,000 |
| Materials Transfer from 109 to 108 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
| Materials returned to stores | - | 500 |

Find out the cost of each job

From the following particulars compute the machine hour rate

Cost of the machine

Scrap value

Repairs for the effective working life
Standing charges for 4 weekly period

Rs.11,000

Rs.680

Rs.1,500

Rs.40

Effective working life 10,000 hours

Power used: 6 units per hour at 5 paise per unit Hours worked in 4 weekly period: 120 hours.

15. What is the role of Cost Accountant?

From the following particulars find the amount required for cash payment of wages in a factory for the month of January-2014: Wages for normal hours worked-Rs.2, 00,000 Wages for overtime worked-Rs.5, 000 Leave wages-Rs.4, 000 Deduction for employee's state insurance scheme-Rs.3, 000 Employee's contribution to provident fund-Rs.2, 000. House Rent to be recovered from 20 employees at Rs. 50 per month. Employer also contributes an equal amount towards ESI and PF.

- 16 b Calculate the earnings of 3 Workers A, B, C under Merrick's Multiple Piece rate system, given the following: STD Production per day: 150 Units Normal Piece rate: Rs. 0.50 Per Units Production of Workers on a particular day: A: 120 Units B: 140 Units C: 160 Units.
- From the following data given by the personnel department calculate the labour turnover rate by applying? a)Separation Method b)Replacement Method c) Flux Method No. of workers of the payroll At the beginning of the month-900 At the end of the month-1100 During the month 10 workers left, 40 persons were discharged and 150 workers were recruited, of these, 25 workers are recruited in the vacancies of those leaving, while rest were engaged for an expansion scheme.
- What are the Requisites of a good costing system?

 $PART - C (2 \times 20 = 40 \text{ Marks})$

Answer any TWO questions

From the following data, prepare a cost sheet.

| Particulars | Amount (in Rs.) |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Direct wages | 1,50,000 |
| Power | 2,500 |
| Store keeper wages | 5,000 |
| Factory rent | 12,500 |
| Repairs (Factory Plant) | 15,500 |
| Repairs (Office Building) | 2,500 |
| Goodwill written off | 2,500 |
| Consumable stores | 12,500 |
| Director's fees | 6,250 |
| Telephone rent | 625 |
| Salesman's salary | 6,250 |
| Advertising | 6,250 |
| Income Tax | 50,000 |
| Sales | 9,47,500 |
| Direct Materials | 5,00,000 |
| Oil and water | 2,500 |
| General Reserve | 5,000 |
| Fore men's salary | 12,500 |
| Factory lighting | 7,500 |
| Depreciation on factory plant | 2,500 |
| Depreciation on office building | 6,250 |
| Manager's salary | 25,000 |
| Office stationery | 2,500 |
| Postage | 1,250 |
| Travelling expenses | 2,500 |
| Warehouse rent | 2,500 |
| Dividend paid | 10,000 |

The following transactions are recorded in respect of material used in factory during April 1984.

April 1 Opening balance 500 tonnes at Rs. 25

Opening balance 500 tonnes at Rs. 25
Issue 70 tonnes
Issue 100 tonnes
Issue 80 tonnes

12 Received 200 tonnes at Rs. 26 14 Refund of surplus from a work orders 250 tonnes at Rs. 25

16 Issue 180 tonnes

20 Received from vendor 240 tonnes at Rs. 25

24 Issue 300 tonnes

25 Received from vendor 320 tonnes at Rs. 28

26 Issue 112 tonnes

27 Refund of surplus from a

28

Work order 12 tonnes at Rs. 27 Received from vendor 100 tonnes at Rs. 29

Issues are to be priced on the principle of FIFO the Stock verifier noted that on 15th he had found a shortage of 5 tonnes and on 27th another shortage of 8 tonnes.

The John Co., divided into four departments. A, B, C are producing departments and D is service department. The actual costs for a period are as follows:

| Particulars | (Rs.) |
|------------------------------------|-------|
| Rent | 1,000 |
| Repairs to plant | 600 |
| Depreciation on plant | 450 |
| Employer's liability for Insurance | 150 |
| Supervision | 1,000 |
| Fire insurance in respect of stock | 500 |
| Power | 900 |
| Lighting | 120 |

The following information are available in respect of the e 4 departments.

| Particulars | Dept. A | Dept. B | Dept. C | Dept. D |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Area (Sq. meters) | 1,500 | 1,100 | 900 | 500 |
| No. of employees | 20 | 15 | 10 | 5 |
| Total wages (Rs.) | 6,000 | 4,000 | 3,000 | 2,000 |
| Value of plant (Rs.) | 24,000 | 18,000 | 12,000 | 6,000 |
| Value of stock (Rs.) | 15,000 | 9,000 | 6,000 | - |
| H.P. of Plant (kwh) | 24 | 18 | 12 | 6 |

Apportion the costs of the various departments on the most equitable basis.

21 Distinguish between cost accounting and financial accounting
