## LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) CHENNAI – 600 034



## M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - BIOTECHNOLOGY SECOND SEMESTER - APRIL 2025



Max.: 100 Marks

## PBT2ME02 - PUBLIC HEALTH MANAGEMENT

	Date: 07-05-2025 Dept. No. Max.: 100 Max. Time: 01:00 PM - 04:00 PM		
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SECTION A – K1 (CO1)			
	Answer ALL the questions $(5 \times 1 = 5)$		
1	Choose the best option		
a)	Which source of demographic and health data is conducted every 10 years in India?		
	i) National Family Health Survey iii) Population Census iv) Annual Health Survey		
b)	The factor that is most directly related to income inequality and health disparities is		
	i) Gender ii) Political stability iii) Socioeconomic position iv) Language		
c)	International Health Regulations (IHR) aims to		
	<ul> <li>i) Promote economic trade between countries</li> <li>ii) Establish global tax policies</li> <li>iii) Strengthen global health security and epidemic response</li> <li>iv) Regulate international travel costs</li> </ul>		
d)	Which Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) directly addresses universal health coverage?		
e)	i) SDG 3 ii) SDG 4 iii) SDG 5 iv) SDG 6 Which source of health information focuses on disease surveillance and prevention?		
	i) Census data ii) Integrated Disease Surveillance Programme (IDSP)		
	iii) Retail pharmacy sales iv) Medical tourism reports		
SECTION A – K2 (CO1)			
	Answer ALL the questions $(5 \times 1 = 5)$		
2	Answer in one or two sentences		
a)	What are the three main components of population change?		
b)	How does education impact health outcomes?		
c)	List the different government organizations responsible for disaster response.		
d)	Explain the strengths and weaknesses of the PRECEDE-PROCEED model.		
e)	Explain the concept of "equity" in the context of healthcare delivery.		
SECTION B – K3 (CO2)			
	Answer any THREE of the following $(3 \times 10 = 30)$		
3	Describe the different stages of the Demographic Transition Theory with examples.		
4	Illustrate the relationship between discrimination and health disparities with real-world examples.		

5	Outline four ways in which population census is utilized in India.
6	Identify the major barriers to achieving Universal Health Coverage in low- and middle-income countries.
7	Explain the concept of contingency theory in management.
	SECTION C – K4 (CO3)
	Answer any TWO of the following $(2 \times 12.5 = 25)$
8	Assess the role of population policies in addressing health challenges in developing nations
9	Discuss the five groups of social determinants of health.
10	Investigate how digital health initiatives have been integrated into NHP 2017.
11	Implement PERT and CPM techniques in planning a vaccination campaign.
	SECTION D – K5 (CO4)
	Answer any ONE of the following $(1 \times 15 = 15)$
12	Elaborate the legal responses to health emergencies with reference to India.
13	Identify gaps in current disaster mitigation strategies and suggest improvements.
	SECTION E – K6 (CO5)
	Answer any ONE of the following $(1 \times 20 = 20)$
14	Illustrate how life tables are used to study population health and mortality trends.
15	Design a training program for community health workers to address a specific public health issue.

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