# LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034



# **M.Sc.** DEGREE EXAMINATION – **BIOTECHNOLOGY**

THIRD SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2017

### **16PBT3MC01 - ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY**

Date: 01-11-2017 Time: 09:00-12:00 Dept. No.

Max.: 100 Marks

#### PART - A**Answer ALL the Questions**

# I. Choose the correct answer

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_, a pioneer in Animal Cell Culture, cultured frog nerve cells by the 'hanging drop' technique over century ago. a) Harrison b) Carrel c) Roux d) Lewis
- 2. *Hoechst staining* is commonly employed to detect \_\_\_\_\_\_ contamination in animal cell culture.
- c) mycoplasma d) prion a) bacterial b) fungal 3. Claudia Castillo was transplanted with the first tissue-engineered \_\_\_\_\_\_ utilising her own
- stem cells. a) trachea b) uterus c) bladder d) lung 4. *GLUT4* knockout mice were designed as a model system to understand\_\_\_\_\_. a) Type II Diabetes b) Alzheimer's c) Parkinson's d) Cancer
- 5. RNAi is a technique to \_\_\_\_\_\_ expression of genes. a) induce b) augment c) enhance d) inhibit

### II. State whether the following are true or false.

- 6. Leibovitz media for animal cell culture was formulated for use in carbon dioxide free systems.
- 7. Vitrification is a method of slow freezing of cell.
- 8. Inner mass cells within a blastocyst can become any tissue in the body including a placenta.
- 9. Tracy is the first transgenic farm mammal to be created.
- 10. Superovulation is the process of inducing a woman to release more than one egg in a month.

## **III.** Complete the following

11. Spinner flasks are used in the scale up of \_\_\_\_\_\_ cultures.

12. Trypan blue stains \_\_\_\_\_ cells blue.

13. Over-expression of Yamanaka factors can induce \_\_\_\_\_\_ in adult human somatic cells.

14. \_\_\_\_\_\_is a process involving injection of a single sperm directly into an egg.

15. \_\_\_\_\_\_is step in assisted reproductive technology where embryos are placed into the uterus of a

female with the intent to establish a pregnancy.

## IV. Answer the following within 50 words

- 16. Mention any two characteristics of continuous cell line.
- 17. What is trypsinisation?
- 18. Stage an advantage of using baculovirus vectors for the production of recombinant proteins.
- 19. Define pharming.
- 20. State the objective of oestrous synchronization.

#### 1

(5x1=5 Marks)

(5 x 1 = 5 Marks)

(5 x 1 = 5 Marks)

(5 x 1 = 5 Marks)

#### PART B

#### (5 x 8 = 40 marks)

#### Answer the following each within 500 words. Draw diagrams wherever necessary

21. a) Explain enzymatic disaggregation of tissue isolated for primary culture.

OR

- (b) Give an account on the commercial scale-up of monolayer cultures.
- 22. (a) Explain the principle and methodology of cryopreservation.

OR

- (b) Describe Filter Well Invasion as a method to study invasiveness of tumour cells.
- 23. (a) Define pluripotency. Write a note of induced pluripotency and its application.
  - (b) Outline the ideal characteristics of scaffold materials used in regenerative medicine.
- 24. (a) Given an account on the cloning strategy employed to clone Dolly the sheep.

OR

- (b) Write a note on the application of Knockout Mice in the understanding of diabetes.
- 25. (a) Explain the steps involved in DNA barcoding of animals.

OR

(b) Describe RAPD and RFLP as techniques for livestock improvement.

# PART – C

# Answer any TWO of the following, each within 1500 words.(2 x 20 = 40 Marks)Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

- 26. Contamination of animal cell cultures is the serious problem encountered in animal cell culture *laboratories.* Discuss sources of contamination, methods of detection and prevention of contamination.
- 27. Explain any two techniques employed to produce transgenic animals. Add a note on the applications of transgenic animals.
- 28. Discuss the John Moore Case with reference to ethical and legal issues in Animal Biotechnology.
- 29. Describe in detail *Invitro* Fertilisation and add a note on the challenges encountered with the technique.

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