LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600 034

B.B.A., B.COM. DEGREE EXAMINATION - BUSINESS ADMIN., COR. SEC.

THIRD SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2016

CO 3201 - FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Date: 10-11-2016 Dept. No. Max. : 100 Marks
Time: 09:00-12:00

SECTION - A

Answer all the questions

(10x2=20)

- 1. What is net working capital?
- 2. Give meaning of the term financial leverage
- 3. What do you mean by the term cost of equity capital?
- 4. List the sources of internal financing.
- 5. What is operating cycle?
- 6. List any two merits of Pay Back Period.
- 7. Calculate the Raw material holding period in days from the following:

Raw material on 1.1.2012 Rs.1,200
Raw material on 31.12.2012 Rs.1,000
Raw material purchased during the year Period covered Rs.2,000
365 days

- 8. A project requires Rs.25,000 as initial investment and it will generate an annual cash inflow of Rs.5,000 for ten years. Compute the pay-back period.
- 9. Market value per equity share = Rs.10, dividend expected per share = Rs.5. calculate cost of equity share.
- 10. What is cost of retained earnings?

SECTION - B

Answer any five questions

(4x10=40)

- 11. Give the merits and demerits of pay back method.
- 12. Explain the advantages of issuing bonus shares.
- 13. What are the factors determining the dividend policy.
- 14. Discuss the factors affecting the capital structure of a company.
- 15. Calculate the Degree of operating leverage, degree of financial leverage and the degree of combined leverage from the following data:

Output (in units)	6,00,000
Fixed costs	Rs.7,00,000
Variable cost per unit	Re.2.00
Interest expenses	Rs.1,00,000
Selling price per unit	Rs.5

16. A project needs an investment of Rs.2,00,000. The cost of capital is 10%. The scrap value is Rs.20,000 and Working capital is Rs.10,000. The Earnings after tax are as under:

Year	Earnings After Tax	
	Rs.	
1	40,000	
2	50,000	
3	60,000	
4	30,000	
5	20,000	

Calculate the Average rate of return

17. Following are the details regarding the capital structure of a company:

Type of capital	Book value	Market value	After tax cost
	Rs.	Rs.	
Debentures	60,000	57,000	8%
Preference capital	20,000	29,000	12%
Equity capital	90,000	1,50,000	15%
Retained earnings	60,000		10%

You are required to determine the weighted average cost of capital using: (i) book value as weights and (ii) market value as weights.

SECTION - C

Answer any two questions

(2x20=40)

- 18. What are the major functions performed by a finance manager?
- 19. Moon Limited Company is considering a capital investment proposal to install a new machine. The project will cost Rs.2,50,000 and will have a life span of 5 years and no scrap value. The cost of capital is 10%. The firm uses straight line method of depreciation. The company's tax rate is 30%. The estimated Cash flow after tax from the proposed investment proposal is as follows:

Year	CFAT	
	Rs.	
1	98,000	
2	89,000	
3	90,000	
4	96,000	
5	70,000	

Compute:

- a) Payback period
- b) Net present value
- c) Profitability index
- 20. Determine the Working Capital required to finance the production of 60000 units from the following details:

Selling price per unit Rs.80

Raw material per unit Rs.50

Direct labour per unit Rs.10

Overheads per unit Rs.10

Raw material is in stock for 1 month and finished good in stores for 2 months.

Material in process for 2 months.

Lag in payment of wages is ½ month. Cash balance is expected to be Rs.2,00,000.

Credit allowed to debtors and received from suppliers is 3 months. Work in progress is 30% completed.
