## B.C.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION - COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

FOURTH SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2016

## CA 4203 - RESOURCE MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES

Date: 11-11-2016
Dept. No. $\square$ Max. : 100 Marks

## PART-A

Answer ALL questions

1. What is Operations research?
2. What is Pivotal element?
3. Define an assignment problem.
4. List out the methods of solving Transportation problem
5. How to calculate the idle time in sequencing problem?
6. Mention the purpose of Network problem
7. Define dummy activity and activity.
8. Write the formula to calculate EOQ with shortage.
9. Define Lead time.
10. Write the type of situation for replacement?

## PART-B

Answer ALL questions
11 a) The company manufactures three items $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C these items are processed on three machines $\mathrm{m}_{1}$, $m_{2}$, and $m_{3}$. The time required for each product in each machine is given below. Also the total time of availability of each machine is given.

| MACHINEA | TIME <br> A | PER <br> B | UNIT(HOURS) <br> C | AVAILABILITY OF THE <br> MACHINE HR/DAY |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $M_{1}$ | 1 | 1.5 | 2 | 18 |
| $M_{2}$ | 2 | 1 | 1 | 20 |
| $M_{3}$ | 1 | 2 | 2 | 16 |

Formulate this problem as an LP model to maximize availability of the machine.
(OR)
11 b) Solve the following L.P.P graphically.
Maximize $Z=40 x_{1}+100 x_{2}$
subject to the constraints

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2 \mathrm{x}_{1}+\mathrm{x}_{2} \leq 500 \\
2 \mathrm{x}_{1}+\mathrm{x}_{2} \leq 1000 \\
\mathrm{X}_{1}, \mathrm{X}_{2} \geq 0
\end{array}
$$

12 a) Find an initial basic feasible solution to the following transportation problem using north-west corner rule and Least cost method:

|  | $D_{1}$ | $D_{2}$ | $D_{3}$ | supply |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $O_{1}$ | 2 | 7 | 4 | 5 |
| $O_{2}$ | 3 | 3 | 1 | 8 |
| $O_{3}$ | 5 | 4 | 7 | 7 |
| $O_{4}$ | 1 | 6 | 2 | 14 |
| DEMAND | 7 | 9 | 18 |  |

(OR)

12 b) A marketing manager has 5 salesmen and 5 sales districts. Considering the capabilities of the salesman and the nature of districts, the marketing manager estimates that sales per month (in hundred rupees) for each salesman in each district would be as follows:

| Salesman | Sales District |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C | D | E |
| 1 | 32 | 38 | 40 | 28 | 40 |
| 2 | 40 | 24 | 28 | 21 | 36 |
| 3 | 41 | 27 | 33 | 30 | 37 |
| 4 | 22 | 38 | 41 | 36 | 36 |
| 5 | 29 | 33 | 40 | 35 | 39 |

What is the maximum sale that may be expected if an optimum assignment is made?
13 a Find the sequence that minimizes the total elapsed time(in Hrs) required to complete the following tasks on two machines

| Jobs | J1 | J2 | J3 | J4 | J5 | J6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Machine A | 1 | 3 | 8 | 5 | 6 | 3 |
| Machine B | 5 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 10 |

(OR)
13 b) Construct the network diagram.
$\mathrm{A}<\mathrm{D} ; \quad \mathrm{A}<\mathrm{E} ; \mathrm{B}<\mathrm{F} ; \quad \mathrm{D}<\mathrm{F} ; \mathrm{C}<\mathrm{G} ; \quad \mathrm{C}<\mathrm{H} ; \quad \mathrm{F}<\mathrm{I} ; \mathrm{G}<\mathrm{I}$

| Task : A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Time : 8 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 14 | 9 |
| (days) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

14 a A Manufacture has to supply 12000 units of his product/year. Shortages are not allowed the inventory holding costRs.0.20/unit/month. The set up cost/run is Rs.350. Determine the following
(i) The optimum lot size $\mathrm{q}_{0}$
(ii) Optimum scheduling period $\mathrm{t}_{0}$
(iii) Minimum total variable yearly cost
(OR)

14 b) The daily demand for a commodities 100 units Every time an order is places a fixed cost of Rs. 100 is incurred. The daily holding cost/unit inventory is Rs.0.02.If the lead-time is 12 days, determine the E.O.Q and reorder point.
15a) A truck is priced at Rs. 60,000 and running cost are estimated as Rs. 6000 for each of the first four year increasing by Rs.2000/year in the fifth and subsequent year. If the money is worth $10 \% /$ year when should truck be replaced .Assume that resale value is zero.
(OR)
15 b) A fleet owner finds from his past records that the costs per year of running a vehicle whose purchase price is Rs. 50,000 are as under:

| year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Running cost(Rs) | 5000 | 6000 | 7000 | 9000 | 12500 | 16000 | 18000 |
| Resale value(Rs) | 30000 | 15000 | 7500 | 3750 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 |

Thereafter, running cost increases by Rs.2,000 but resale value remains constant at
Rs. 2,000 .At what age is the replacement due?

16 a)Use simplex method to solve the following L.P.P

$$
\text { Maximize } \mathrm{Z}=2 \mathrm{x}_{1}+4 \mathrm{x}_{2}+\mathrm{x}_{3}
$$

subject to the constraints

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{X}_{1}+3 \mathrm{x}_{2} \leq 4 \\
& 2 \mathrm{X}_{1}+\mathrm{x}_{2} \leq 3 \\
& \mathrm{x}_{2}+4 \mathrm{x}_{3} \leq 3 \\
& \mathrm{X}_{1}, \mathrm{x}_{2}, \mathrm{x}_{3} \geq 0
\end{aligned}
$$

b) Solve the transportation problem

|  | $D_{1}$ | $D_{2}$ | $D_{3}$ | SUPPLY |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 2 | 7 | 4 | 5 |
| B | 3 | 3 | 1 | 8 |
| C | 5 | 4 | 7 | 7 |
| D | 1 | 6 | 2 | 14 |
| DEMAND | 7 | 9 | 18 |  |

17 a)We have six jobs, each of which must go through machines $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ in order ABC
Processing time (hrs) are given in the table

| Job | $:$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Machine A | $:$ | 8 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 1 |
| Machine B | $:$ | 3 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 6 |
| Machine C | $:$ | 8 | 7 | 6 | 9 | 10 | 9 |

Determine the sequence of jobs that will minimize the elapsed time.
b) The project has the following time schedules.

| Activity | $1-2$ | $1-6$ | $2-3$ | $2-4$ | $3-5$ | $4-5$ | $6-7$ | $5-8$ | $7-8$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a | 3 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| m | 6 | 5 | 12 | 5 | 11 | 6 | 9 | 4 | 19 |
| b | 15 | 14 | 30 | 8 | 17 | 15 | 27 | 7 | 28 |

i) Draw the Project Network
ii) Find the critical path.

18 a)A contractor has to supply 10,000 bearings /day to an automobile manufactures. He can produce 25000 bearings/day. The holding cost is Rs 2/year and the setup cost is Rs.180. How frequently should the production run be made?
b) ) Machine A cost Rs.9,000.Annual operating costs are Rs. 200 for the first year ,and then increase by Rs. 2,000 every year. Determine the best age at which to replace the machine. If the optimum policy is followed, what will be the average yearly cost of owning and operating the machine?

Machine B costs Rs.10,000. Annual operating costs are Rs. 400 for the first year, and then increase by Rs. 800 every year. You now have a machine of type A which is one year old. Should you replace it with B if so when?

