LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034



B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION – **HISTORY**

SECOND SEMESTER - APRIL 2022

UEC 2301 - INDIAN ECONOMIC PLANNING AND POLICY (21 BATCH ONLY)

| Date: 27-06-2022 | Dept. No. | Max.: 100 Marks |
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| Time: 01:00 PM - 04:00 PI |
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| | SECTION A | | | | | | | |
|------|--|----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Answ | ver ALL the Questions | | | | | | | |
| 1. | Define the following $(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks})$ | | | | | | | |
| a) | Mixed economy. | K1 | CO1 | | | | | |
| b) | Green revolution. | K1 | CO1 | | | | | |
| c) | Infant Mortality Rate. | K1 | CO1 | | | | | |
| d) | Census. | K1 | CO1 | | | | | |
| e) | Gross Domestic Product. | K1 | CO1 | | | | | |
| 2. | Fill in the blanks $(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks})$ | | | | | | | |
| a) | The steel plant at Durgapur was established during five-year plan. | K1 | CO1 | | | | | |
| b) | The sector continues to be the largest employer in India. | K1 | CO1 | | | | | |
| c) | industry is known as sun rising industry. | K1 | CO1 | | | | | |
| d) | India is the largest country in the world in terms of population. | K1 | CO1 | | | | | |
| e) | is the regulator of financial activities in India. | K1 | CO1 | | | | | |
| 3. | Match the following (5 × 1 = 5 Marks) | | | | | | | |
| a) | The period of the Annual Plan - 2000 | K2 | CO1 | | | | | |
| b) | NITI Aayog - 1991 | K2 | CO1 | | | | | |
| c) | Green Revolution - 1966-1969 | K2 | CO1 | | | | | |
| d) | Population Policy - 2015 | K2 | CO1 | | | | | |
| e) | New Industrial Policy - 1965 | K2 | CO1 | | | | | |
| 4. | TRUE or FALSE $(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks})$ | | | | | | | |
| a) | The final approval to the five-year plans of India is given by National | K2 | CO1 | | | | | |
| | Development Council. | | | | | | | |
| b) | NABARD is the apex bank of the country with regard to agricultural credit. | K2 | CO1 | | | | | |
| c) | c) IRDP denotes Integrated Rural Development Programme. | | CO1 | | | | | |
| d) | Finance Minister is the chairman of NITI Aayog. | | CO1 | | | | | |
| e) | Globalisation is the policy that helps to integrate a domestic economy with the world economy. | K2 | CO1 | | | | | |

| | SECTION B | | | | |
|---|--|------------|---------------|--|--|
| Answ | Answer any TWO of the following in 150 words each $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ | | | | |
| 5. | Highlight the objectives and targets of 12 th Five-year plan. | K3 | CO2 | | |
| 6. | Bring out the role of agriculture in economic development. | K3 | CO2 | | |
| 7. | Illustrate the implications of Industrial policy of 1991. | K3 | CO2 | | |
| 8. | Articulate the importance of population policy in India. | К3 | CO2 | | |
| | SECTION C | | | | |
| Answer any TWO of the following in 150 words each (2 × 10 | | |) = 20 Marks) | | |
| 9. | Analyse the status of Indian economy on the eve of economic planning. | K4 | CO3 | | |
| 10. | Examine the food security measures initiated by the Government of India. | K4 | CO3 | | |
| 11. | Compare the nature of Government spending on both health and education sector | r K4 | CO3 | | |
| | in India. | | | | |
| 12. | Examine the causes and consequences of population explosion. | K4 | CO3 | | |
| | SECTION D | | | | |
| Answ | ver any ONE of the following in 250 words (1×2 | 20 = 20 M | larks) | | |
| 13. | 3. Justify the significance of small, medium and large industries towards the process of industrial growth in India. | | CO4 | | |
| 14. | Elucidate the causes for unfavourable balance of payments of trade. Give your | K5 | CO4 | | |
| | suggestion to rectify the same. | | | | |
| | SECTION E | | | | |
| Answ | ver any ONE of the following in 250 words (1 × 2 | 20 = 20 N | = 20 Marks) | | |
| 15 | Discuss in detail the history of Economic Planning in India. What are its achievements and failures? | | CO5 | | |
| 15. | achievements and failures? | - , | ļ | | |
