LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600 034



M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION - ECONOMICS

SECOND SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2016

EC 2809 - MACRO ECONOMIC THEORY - II

Date: 10-11-2016 Time: 01:00-04:00 Dept. No.

Max.: 100 Marks

PART A

(5 X 4 = 20 marks)

Answer any FIVE questions in 75 words each. Each question carries FOUR marks.

- 1. Mention the assumptions of the human capital and growth model.
- 2. Explain the concept of perfect foresight.
- 3. What is endogenous growth?
- 4. What is a Research and Development model?
- 5. State the assumptions of the Hicks theory of the business cycle.
- 6. Define constant returns to scale production function using a suitable example.
- 7. Highlight the major conclusion of the Ramsey-Cass-Koopman's model.

PART B $(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Answer any FOUR questions in 300 words each. Each question carries TEN marks.

- 8. Derive the central conclusion of the Diamond model.
- 9. Examine the major propositions of the Solow model.
- 10. Explain the simple version of the Goodwin model of the trade cycle.
- 11. Explain the relationship between Seignorage and Inflation.
- 12. Discuss the major shortcomings of the traditional Keynesian models.
- 13. How does Pierre Perron prove that aggregate demand and aggregate supply shocks contribute to business cycle fluctuations?
- 14. Briefly describe a coordination-failure model.

PART C

 $(2 \times 20 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Answer any TWO questions in 1200 words each. Each question carries TWENTYmarks.

- 15. Explain how Lucas uses the aggregate supply curve to prove that local prices are dependent upon local demand shocks as well as the general level of prices in the economy.
- 16. Derive mathematically a baseline model of real business cycle theory.
- 17. Explain how Kaldor's model of trade cycle discusses the possibility of multiple points of equilibrium.
- 18. Demonstrate with the help of the perfect-foresight and rational expectations models that anticipated changes in monetary policy will have no real effects.
