



Date: 27-10-2018
Time: 09:00-12:00

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

PART-A

Answer all the questions:

(10 × 2 = 20)

1. Define similar sets and give an example.
2. Prove that \mathbb{N} is not bounded above.
3. Define metric space.
4. Define Cauchy sequence.
5. Define homeomorphism.
6. Define uniformly continuous.
7. State Rolle's Theorem.
8. Define local maximum and local minimum of a function at a point.
9. Define bounded variation.
10. Define Riemann-Stieltjes integral of a function f with respect to α in $[a, b]$.

PART-B

Answer any FIVE questions:

(5 × 8 = 40)

11. State and prove Cauchy-Schwarz inequality.
12. Show that e is irrational.
13. Let Y be a subspace of a metric space (X, d) . Then prove that a subset A of Y is open in Y if and only if $A = Y \cap G$ for some set G open in X .
14. Prove that the continuous image of a compact metric space is compact.

15. Let $f : (X, d_1) \rightarrow (Y, d_2)$ be uniformly continuous on X . If $\{x_n\}$ is a Cauchy sequence in X , prove that $\{f(x_n)\}$ is a Cauchy sequence in Y .
16. State and prove intermediate value theorem for derivatives.
17. If $f \in R(\alpha)$ on $[a, b]$ and $f \in R(\beta)$ on $[a, b]$, then for any pair of constants λ and μ , then prove that the following are true. (i) $f \in R(\lambda\alpha + \mu\beta)$ on $[a, b]$.

$$(ii) \int_a^b f d(\lambda\alpha + \mu\beta) = \lambda \int_a^b f d\alpha + \mu \int_a^b f d\beta$$

18. State and prove the formula for integration by parts.

PART-C

Answer any TWO questions:

(2 × 20 = 40)

19. (a) Prove that every subset of a countable set is countable.
- (b) Prove that the set \mathbb{R} is uncountable. (10+10)
20. Prove that let (X, d) be a metric space, \mathbf{G} be the collection of all open sets in X and \mathbf{F} be the collection of all closed sets in X . Then \mathbf{G} is closed with respect to arbitrary unions and finite intersections and \mathbf{F} is closed with respect to arbitrary intersections and finite unions.
21. State and prove Bolzano theorem and deduce Intermediate value theorem.
22. (a) State and prove Taylor's theorem.
- (b) Let $f \in R(\alpha)$ on $[a, b]$, α be differentiable on $[a, b]$ and α' be continuous on $[a, b]$.

Show that the Riemann integral $\int_a^b f \alpha' dx$ exists and $\int_a^b f d\alpha = \int_a^b f \alpha' dx$. (10+10)
