# LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600 034

**B.Sc.** DEGREE EXAMINATION – **PHYSICS** 

#### SECOND SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2016

#### PH 2505 – MECHANICS & STATISTICAL PHYSICS

 Date: 12-11-2016
 Dept. No.
 Max. : 100 Marks

 Time: 01:00-04:00
 Max. : 100 Marks

### <u>PART – A</u>

(10 X 2 = 20 MARKS)

Answer All Questions. 1. Define Moment of Inertia.

- 2. State the Fick's law of diffusion.
- 3. Give an example and the corresponding constraint equation for holonomic and non-holonomic constaints.
- 4. Write the equation of constraint and the transformation equation for a particle constrained to move on a sphere.
- 5. Calculate the number of collisions per second of a gas having mean free path  $\lambda = 1.876 \times 10^{-7}$  m. The average speed of the molecule is 511m/s.
- 6. Show that the coefficient of self-diffusion is directly proportional to  $T^{3/2}$  and inversely proportional to pressure if D=1/3c  $\lambda$ .
- 7. Write down the Maxwell's Thermodynamical relations.
- 8. Define second order phase transition. Give examples.
- 9. Define Thermodynamic probability.
- 10. State the limitations of Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics.

### <u>PART – B</u>

#### Answer ANY FOUR Questions.

- 11. Show that the time of diffusion from one distribution of concentration to another in a given solution is directly proportional to the square of the length of its column. (7.5)
- 12. Discuss the motion of a particle in a central force field using Hamiltonian equation.
- (7.5) 13. Derive the Clausius expression for mean free path. (7.5)
- 14. Obtain Clausius Clapeyron's latent heat equation using the relevant Maxwell's thermodynamical relation. (7.5)
- 15. Derive the Maxwell Boltzmann law of energy distribution and obtain an expression for the Boltzmann factor. (7.5)



 $(4 \times 7.5 = 30 \text{ marks})$ 

## PART C

### **Answer ANY FOUR questions**

(4 x 12.5 = 50 marks)

- 16. Derive an expression for the time period of a compound pendulum. Explain the condition for the period to be minimum. (10+2.5)
- 17. Explain D'Alembert's principle and derive the Lagrange's equation using the same. (4+8.5)
- Derive an expression for thermal conductivity of a gas on the basis of kinetic theory of gases. Discuss the coefficient of thermal conductivity of hydrogen molecule and comment on the same. (8.5+4)
- 19. Explain Joule-Thomson effect using the Maxwell's thermodynamical relations and prove its absence for a perfect gas. (10.5+2)
- 20. Applying Maxwell's law of distribution of speeds of molecules in a gas, obtain expressions for average speed, root-mean square speed and most probable speed.

(12.5)

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