



LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

B.B.A. & B.COM. DEGREE EXAMINATION – BUSINESS ADMIN. & CORPO. SEC.

SECOND SEMESTER – APRIL 2016

ST 2105 - FUNDAMENTALS OF STATISTICS

Date: 26-04-2016
Time: 01:00-04:00

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

SECTION -A

Answer ALL the questions.

(10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

1. Define the term statistics.
2. Explain pie diagram to represent data.
3. Define Arithmetic mean.
4. Calculate harmonic mean for the following data 100,200,300,400
5. Define mean deviation.
6. Find the Standard deviation of 10 natural numbers.
7. Write a short note on Bowley’s coefficient of Skewness
8. Explain the concept of correlation between two variables.
9. State the regression equation of x on y and y on x.
10. State the merits of finding the trend using method of least squares.

SECTION B

Answer any FIVE questions:

(5 X 8 = 40 Marks)

11. Discuss the various diagrams in presenting statistical data.
12. Draw a Percentage Bar Diagram for the following data:

<i>Expenditure</i>	<i>Company A</i>	<i>Company B</i>	<i>Company C</i>
Wages	2160	2600	2700
Materials	540	700	810
Taxation	360	200	360
Profits	360	300	360
Administration	180	200	270

13. Compute the Geometric Mean of the following data:

<i>x</i>	30	33	34	38	40	45
<i>f</i>	9	10	7	6	4	11

14. Two samples of size 40 and 50 have the same mean 53, but different standard deviations 19 and 18 respectively. Find the standard deviation of the combined sample.
15. In a frequency distribution, the coefficient of skewness based on quartiles is 0.6. If the sum of the upper and lower quartiles is 100 and the median is 38. Find the value of the upper quartile.
16. Find the correlation coefficient between production and sales of a factory from the data given below:

<i>Production (in tonnes)</i>	50	55	63	67	65	60	61
<i>Sales (in thousands)</i>	35	36	42	51	54	53	55

17. Fit a straight line trend for the following series. Estimate the value for 1985.

Year	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984
Production of Steel in million tonnes	125	128	133	135	140	141	143

18. Describe the different methods of measuring Seasonal Variation

SECTION C

Answer any TWO questions:

(2 X 20 = 40 Marks)

19.(a) Calculate Mean, Median and Mode and verify empirical relation:

Class Interval	1 – 10	11 – 20	21 – 30	31 – 40	41 - 50	51 – 60	61 – 70	71 – 80
Frequency	10	12	14	9	7	6	5	13

(b) The mean height of 35 male workers in a factory is 71 cm. and the mean height of 25 female workers in the same factory is 68 cm. Find the combined mean height of 60 workers in the factory.
(15 +5)

20. (a) Calculate Mean Deviation about Mean for the following data:

<i>Class Interval</i>	4 – 8	8 – 12	12 – 16	16 – 20	20 – 24	24 – 28	28 – 32	32 – 36	36 – 40
<i>Frequency</i>	6	10	18	30	15	12	10	6	3

(b) Find the Quartile Deviation and its Coefficient for the following distribution:

<i>Class Interval</i>	0 – 10	10 – 20	20 – 30	30 - 40	40 – 50	50 – 60
<i>Frequency</i>	8	20	25	30	12	5

(10 + 10)

21.(a) Ten competitors in a beauty contest are ranked by three judges in the following order:

<i>Judge 1</i>	1	6	5	10	3	2	4	9	7	8
<i>Judge 2</i>	3	5	8	4	7	10	2	1	6	9
<i>Judge 3</i>	6	4	9	8	1	2	3	10	5	7

Use the rank correlation coefficient to determine which pair of judges has the nearest approach to common tastes in beauty.

(b) Calculate the Regression equations of X on Y from the following data and estimate X when Y = 26.

<i>X</i>	10	12	13	17	18	20	24	30
<i>Y</i>	5	6	7	9	13	15	20	21

(10 + 10)

22. Calculate the Seasonal Indices by the method of Link Relatives:

<i>Quadrant</i>	<i>I</i>	<i>II</i>	<i>III</i>	<i>IV</i>
<i>Year</i>				
2009	51	53	58	58
2010	55	52	53	62
2011	50	51	52	54
2012	54	48	55	54

(20)
