



**LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034**

**B.A. & B.COM. DEGREE EXAMINATION – ECONOMICS & COMMERCE**

**FOURTH SEMESTER – APRIL 2016**

**ST 4207 - ECONOMETRICS**

Date: 27-04-2016  
Time: 09:00-12:00

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

**Section –A**

**Answer all the questions**

**(10 x 2 = 20)**

1. Define Econometrics.
2. What is dependent Variable?
3. Define intercept and slope.
4. What are the assumptions of linear regression model.
5. Prove that  $R^2 = r^2$
6. What do you understand by serial correlation?
7. Define Multicollinearity.
8. Define dummy variable trap.
9. What is Bench mark category?
10. Write the advantage of Glejser test.

**Section –B**

**Answer any five questions**

**( 5 x 8 = 40)**

11. Explain the specification of model in Econometrics.
12. Write short notes on limitation and scope of Econometrics.
13. Derive the formula of  $\hat{\beta}_0$  and  $\hat{\beta}_1$  with OLS method for the model  $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X + u_i$
14. Obtain best linear unbiased estimator for Regression coefficient in multiple regression model.
15. Explain any one method to detect Multicollinearity.

16. From the following data estimate  $d$  for correlation  
 $e_t$  : 0.8, 2.1, -2.0, 1.6, -1.1

Y	10	5	8	6	3
X <sub>1</sub>	5	3	4	4	2
X <sub>2</sub>	2	6	3	5	7

following data estimate  $d$  for correlation

-3.1, 1.6, 3.5, 0.5, 1.0, 2.5, -

( given  $d_L = 1.45$  and  $d_U = 1.65$ )

17. Find the value of  $R^2$  for following data

18. What are the sources for the problem of heteroscedasticity?

**Section – C**

**Answer any two questions**

**( 2 x 20= 40)**

19. State and prove Gauss Markov theorem.

20. The following table gives data on sales (Y) and advertisement expenditure (X)

Y	15	14	10	9	8	17	13	12	16	18
X	9	8	7	6	4	10	7	6	12	14

- i. Estimate the function  $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X + u_i$
- ii. Test the significance of the parameters at 5% level of significance.
- iii. Find the value of Y if X is 15

21. Given the following data

X	1	4	3	5	6	7	8	9	8	7	5	11	12	3	7
Y	2	3	2	4	7	8	9	8	6	5	4	10	11	2	5

Test the problem of Heteroscedasticity with the help of Goldfeld – Quandt test.

22. Fit a linear regression model for the given data by using the dummy variables

(Bench mark category = M.Stat)

Test Score	3	6	4	5	6	4	7	4	2	8
Qualification	M.Sc.	M.Stat	M.Tech	M.Stat	M.Sc	M.Tech	M.Sc	M.Stat	M.Tech	M.Sc

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