LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600 034

M.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION - STATISTICS

FOURTHSEMESTER - APRIL 2017

Section – A

ST 4814- ADVANCED OPERATIONS RESEARCH

Date: 20-04-2017 09:00-12:00 Dept. No.

Max.: 100 Marks

10 X 2 = 20 marks

Answer all the questions

- 1. Define a general linear programming problem.
- 2. Write the dual of the following primal problem: Maximize $z = 5x_1 + 12x_2 + 4x_3$ Subject to the constraints: $x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \le 10$ $2x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 = 8$ $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$.
- 3. Define a Quadratic Programming Problem.
- 4. Write the Kuhn-Tucker necessary conditions for the optimal solution of general non -linear Programming problem.
- 5. Define purchasing and holding costs in inventory control.
- 6. For a classic Economic Order Quantity(EOQ) model if K = \$100, h = \$0.05 and D = 30 units / day and lead time is 30 days, find the optimal inventory policy and the associated cost per day.
- 7. Write the three assumptions in a probabilistic EOQ model.
- 8. Write a note on generalized Poisson queuing model.
- 9. How Branch and Bound method is used in solving Integer Programming Problem?
- 10. Write about the types of simulation.

Section – B

Answer any five questions

5X8 = 40 marks

11. Solve the following linear programming problem graphically.

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{Maximize } z = 2x_1 + 3x_2\\ \text{Subject to the constraints:}\\ x_1 + x_2 \leq 30\\ x_1 - x_2 \geq 0 \end{array}$

 $x_2 \ge 3$

$$x_1 \le 20$$

 $x_2 < 12$

 $x_2 \le 12$ $x_1 \ge 0, x_2 \ge 0.$

- 12. Explain Big-M algorithm in solving a linear programming problem.
- 13. Solve the following NLPP using Lagrange multipliers: Minimize $z = 2x_1^2 - 24x_1 + 2x_2^2 - 8x_2 + 2x_3^2 - 12x_3 + 200$ subject to $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 11$ $x_1 \ge 0, x_2 \ge 0, x_3 \ge 0.$ 14. Derive (MM/1): (GD/∞/∞) queuing model.

15. Derive classic Economic Order Quantity model with one price break.

16. An item sells for \$25 a unit , but a 10% discount is offered for lots of A company uses this item at the rate of 20 units per day. The setup the holding cost per unit per day is \$.30. Should the company take a	of 150 units or more. Cost for ordering a lot is \$50 and dvantage of the discount?
17. Use dynamic programming method to solve the following LPP:	
Minimize $z = x_1^2 + 2x_2^2 + 4x_3$	
subject to	
$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \ge 8$ $x_1 \ge 0$, $x_2 \ge 0$, $x_3 \ge 0$. 18. Explain the three methods of simulation.	
Section-C	
Answer any two questions 19.(a) Explain dual simplex algorithm. (b) Use duality to solve the following LPP: Maximize $z=2x_1+x_2$ Subject to $x_1+2x_2 \le 10$ $x_1+x_2 \le 6$ $x_1-x_2 \le 2$ $x_1-2x_2 \le 1$, $x_1 \ge 0, x_2 \ge 0$	$2 \times 20 = 40$ marks (10+10) marks
20. Use Wolfe's method to solve the following QPP: Maximize $z = 2x_1 + 3x_2 - 2x_1^2$ Subject to $x_1 + 4x_2 \le 4$ $x_1 + x_2 \le 2$ $x_1 \ge 0, x_2 \ge 0$ 21. (a) Derive probabilistic economic order quantity model. (b) Derive (M/M/C) : (GD/ ∞ / ∞) queuing model. 22. Solve the following integer linear programming problem using the cutt Maximize $z = 3x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3$ Subject to $-x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \le 4$ $4x_2 - 3x_3 \le 2$ $x_1 - 3x_2 + 2x_3 \le 3$ x_1, x_2, x_3 all are non-negative integers. SSSSSSSS	(10 + 10) marks ting- plane algorithm :