## LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

**B.Sc.**DEGREE EXAMINATION -**STATISTICS** 

SECOND SEMESTER – APRIL 2018

#### 17/16UST2MC01/ ST 2503 - CONTINUOUS DISTRIBUTIONS

PART - A

Date: 24-04-2018 Time: 01:00-04:00

#### Dept. No.

Max.: 100 Marks

(10 x2=20 marks)

### **Answer ALL Questions:**

- 1. Define Uniform distribution.
- 2. If  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are independent uniform variates on [0, 1], find the mean and variance of  $X_1 + X_2$ .
- 3. Write the P.d.f. of standard normal distribution.
- 4. Give any two importance of normal distribution.
- 5. Write the MGF og Gamma variate.
- 6. Justify, why moments do not exist for Cauchy distribution.
- 7. If X and Y are independent continuous random variables, then the p.d.f of U = X + Y is given by :  $h(u) = \int f_x(v) f_y(u v) dv$ .
- 8. Derive the additive property of chisquare distribution.
- 9. What is Lack of memory property?
- 10. Define Beta distribution of first kind.

#### PART – B

#### **Answer Any FIVE Questions:**

11. Suppose the two dimensional continuous random variable (X,Y) has joint pdf given by

$$f(xy) = \begin{cases} 6x^2y, & 0 < x, y < 1 \\ 0 & otherwise \end{cases}$$

- (i) Find the marginal distributions of X and Y and
- (ii) Conditional distribution of X given Y= y.
- 12.X is a normal variate with mean 12 and S.D 4. Find the probabilities that

(i)  $0 \le X \le 12$  (ii)  $X \ge 20$ 

- 13. Prove that the arithmetic mean of independent observations from a standard Cauchy is also a standard Cauchy variate.
- 14. Obtain the Moment Generating Function of exponential distribution.
- 15. Obtain the derivation of Student's t distribution.
- 16. Obtain the mode of F-distribution.
- 17. Explain stochastic convergence in detail.
- 18. Derive the joint p.d.f. of  $k^{th}$  order statistics.

#### PART – C

#### Answer Any TWO Questions:

- 19. Derive the moments of Normal distribution.
- 20. Derive the pdf of F distribution.
- 21. State and prove central limit theorem.
- 22.a. Obtain the distribution of sample mean when the random sample is from normal distribution
  - b. Obtain the distribution of  $\frac{ns^2}{\sigma^2}$  when the random sample in from  $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

# ( 5 x8=40 marks)

(2 x 20 = 40 marks)