LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI - 600034
B.Com. DEGREE EXAMINATION - CORPORATE SECRETARYSHIP

THIRD SEMESTER - NOVEMBER 2017
ST 3105-INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICS

Date: 09-11-2017
Dept. No. $\square$ Max. : 100 Marks
Time: 09:00-12:00

## SECTION -A

Answer ALL questions.

1. Explain the uses of tabulations.
2. State the different types of diagrams.
3. Write short notes on multiple bar diagrams.
4. What are the measures of central tendency
5. What are the merits of median?
6. Define kurtosis.
7. Define mean deviation.
8. Define the term correlation.
9. What is meant by Time Series?
10. Write a short note on simple average method.
SECTION - B

## Answer any FIVE questions

11. Explain the various functions of Statistics?
12. (a) Differentiate between classification and tabulation.
(b) Distinguish between primary data and secondary data.
13. Draw histogram and frequency polygon to present the following data :

| Income(Rs.) | No. of <br> employees | Income(Rs.) | No. of <br> employees |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $4000-4499$ | 21 | $6000-6499$ | 62 |
| $4500-4999$ | 32 | $6500-6999$ | 43 |
| $5000-5499$ | 52 | $7000-7499$ | 18 |
| $5500-5999$ | 105 | $7500-7999$ | 9 |

14. Calculate the standard deviation for the following data.

| Marks | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. of students | 8 | 12 | 18 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 4 |

15. Compute coefficient of quartile deviation from the following data:

| Wages | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of workers | 20 | 45 | 85 | 460 | 70 | 55 | 35 | 30 |

16. Find the correlation coefficient between production and sales of a factory from the data given below:

| Production (in tonnes) | 50 | 55 | 63 | 67 | 65 | 60 | 61 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sales (in thousands) | 35 | 36 | 42 | 51 | 54 | 53 | 55 |

17. Using four yearly moving averages, calculate the trend values and short term fluctuation:

| Year | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production | 50 | 36.5 | 43 | 44.5 | 38.9 | 38.1 | 32.6 | 41.7 | 41.1 | 33.8 |

18. 400 Candidates appeared for a competitive examination and 50 of them succeeded. 35 received special coaching and out of them 30 candidates succeeded. Prepare a $2 \times 2$ contingency table and using Yule's coefficient, discuss whether special coaching is effective or not.

## SECTION- C

(2 X $20=40$ Marks $)$
Answer any TWO questions
19. (a) Calculate the Mean, Median and Mode from the following data:

| Marks | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ | $80-90$ |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of students | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 12 | 7 | 6 | 4 |

(b) The mean marks in statistics of 100 students in a class was 72 . The mean marks of boys was 75 while their number was 70 . Find out the mean marks of girls in the class.

$$
(15+5)
$$

20. Calculate Karl Pearson's coefficient of Skewness from the following data:

| monthly Income (Rs. in thousands) | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of persons | 25 | 16 | 20 | 10 | 15 | 8 | 7 |

21. The following table gives the aptitude test scores and productivity indices of 10 workers selected at random:

| Aptitude scores $(X)$ | 70 | 75 | 79 | 78 | 76 | 74 | 75 | 79 | 80 | 84 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Productivity index $(Y)$ | 80 | 84 | 89 | 86 | 85 | 82 | 84 | 89 | 86 | 90 |

Find the two Regression Equations and estimate:
(i) the productivity index of a worker whose test score is 85
(ii) the test score of a worker whose productivity is 95
22. Using 4-quarter moving average in respect of the following data, find (i) the trend (ii) short-term fluctuations and (iii) seasonal variations

| Year | $1^{\text {st }}$ quarter | $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter | $3^{\text {rd }}$ quarter | $4^{\text {th }}$ quarter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1971 | 31 | 39 | 45 | 36 |
| 1972 | 42 | 44 | 57 | 45 |
| 1973 | 49 | 53 | 65 | 55 |
| 1974 | 47 | 51 | 62 | 50 |

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